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	DB=U	ISPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	
	L19	113 and 118	4
	L18	719/311-332[ccls]	2286
	L17	113 and L16	$\mathrm{d}_{i,i}(x_i,x_j) = \mathrm{d}_i 0_i$
	L16	719/318[ccls]	190
	L15	(object\$ near4 (self adj (describ\$ or contain\$))) same ((defer\$ or delay\$ or laten\$) near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$))	2
	L14	L13 and 14	2
	L13	(object\$ near4 (self adj (describ\$ or contain\$))) near12 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$)	190
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	L11	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) and ((delay\$ or defer\$ or laten\$) near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$))	1
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	DB=P	GPB; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	
	L9	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) same (object\$ near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$))	13
	L8	719/330[ccls]	85
	L7	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) same ((delay\$ or defer\$ or laten\$) near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$))	2
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	L6	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) same ((delay\$ or defer\$ or laten\$) near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$))	7
	L5	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) same (object near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$ or build\$ or construct\$))	65
	L4	719/330[ccls]	184
	L3	709/330[ccls]	70
	L2	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) same ((defer\$ or delay\$ or laten\$) near4 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$))	3
	L1	(rpc or (remot\$ adj procedur\$ adj call\$)) near12 (rebuild\$ or reconstruct\$)	13



United States Patent [19]

Skeen et al.

[11] Patent Number:

5,557,798

[45] Date of Patent:

*Sep. 17, 1996

[54]	APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR
	PROVIDING DECOUPLING OF DATA
	EXCHANGE DETAILS FOR PROVIDING
	HIGH PERFORMANCE COMMUNICATION
	BETWEEN SOFTWARE PROCESSES

- [75] Inventors: Marion D. Skeen, Palo Alto; Mark Bowles, Woodside, both of Calif.
- [73] Assignee: Tibco, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif.
- [*] Notice: The term of this patent shall not extend beyond the expiration date of Pat. No.

5,257,369.

- [21] Appl. No.: 632,551
- [22] Filed: Dec. 21, 1990

Related U.S. Application Data

[63]	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 601,117, Oct. 22, 1990, Pat.
	No. 5,257,369, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.
	386.584, Jul. 27, 1989, Pat. No. 5,187,787

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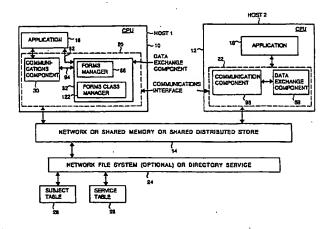
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Primary Examiner—Kevin A. Kriess Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Ronald Fish; Falk, Vestal & Fish

[7] ABSTRACT

A communication interface for decoupling one software application from another software application such communications between applications are facilitated and applications may be developed in modularized fashion. The communication interface is comprised of two libraries of programs. One library manages self-describing forms which contain actual data to be exchanged as well as type information regarding data format and class definition that contain semantic information. Another library manages communications and includes a subject mapper to receive subscription requests regarding a particular subject and map them to particular communication disciplines and to particular services supplying this information. A number of communication disciplines also cooperate with the subject mapper or directly with client applications to manage communications with various other applications using the communication protocols used by those other applications.

56 Claims, 20 Drawing Sheets



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L19: Entry 4 of 4

File: USPT

Sep 17, 1996

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5557798 A

TITLE: Apparatus and method for providing decoupling of data exchange details for providing high performance communication between software processes

Current US Cross Reference Classification (3): 719/328

CLAIMS:

17. The process of claim 14 wherein data messages transmitted between said data producing processes and said data consuming processes, hereafter referred to as processes, are transmitted as self describing data objects, wherein each self describing data object is comprised of one or more fields each of which is either a primitive class form which stores data or a constructed class form which is comprised of other fields which themselves may be primitive or constructed class forms, each said constructed class form belonging to a class which has a corresponding class definition, said self describing data objects being organized into classes defined by class definitions, each class definition comprising a list of the fields by name and data representation type which are common to all self describing data objects of that class, each self describing data object including both data format information and actual data or field values for each said field, and further comprising the steps of:

automatically converting any self describing data objects to be transmitted from one process to another from the format of the transmitting process to the format necessary for transmission across said data path prior to transmission thereof, and then transmitting said self describing data object through said data path; and

automatically converting any self describing data objects received after transmission through said data path which are bound for either a data consuming process or a data producing process, from the format used to transmit data across said data path to the format used by said receiving process.

19. The process of claim 14 wherein data transmitted between said data producing processes and said data consuming processes is transmitted as self describing data objects, each self describing data object comprised of one or more fields each of which is either a primitive class form which stores data or a constructed class form which is comprised of other fields which themselves may be primitive or constructed class forms, each said constructed class form belonging to a class which has a corresponding class definition, said self describing data objects being organized into classes defined by class definitions, each class definition comprising a list of the fields by name and data representation type which are common to all self describing data objects of that class, each self describing data object including both data format information and actual data or field values for each said field, for providing the capability for a data consuming or data producing process to obtain data from a particular field of a particular self describing data object generated by another process, comprising the steps of:



(12) United States Patent

Cleron et al.

(10) Patent No.:

US 6,212,575 B1

(45) Date of Patent:

*Apr. 3, 2001

(54) EXTENSIBLE, REPLACEABLE NETWORK COMPONENT SYSTEM

(75) Inventors: Michael A. Cleron; Stephen Fisher, both of Menlo Park; Timo Bruck, Mountain View, all of CA (US)

(73) Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc., Cupertino, CA (US)

(*) Notice:

This patent issued on a continued prosecution application filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d), and is subject to the twenty year patent term provisions of 35 U.S.C. 154(a)(2).

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 08/435,377

(22) Filed:	May	5,	1995
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(51)	Int. Cl. ⁷	 G06F 9/00; G06F 15/16
(52)	IIS CI	700/328- 700/200

395/200.03, 200.08, 200.09, 200.32; 709/300–305; 345/356, 557

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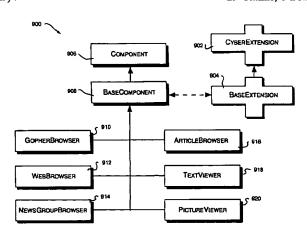
Primary Examiner—Majid A. Banankhah Assistant Examiner—P. G. Caldwell

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm-Cesari and McKenna, LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

An extensible and replaceable network-oriented component system provides a platform for developing network navigation components that operate on a variety of hardware and software computer systems. These navigation components include key integrating components along with components configured to deliver conventional services directed to computer networks, such as Gopher-specific and Web-specific components. Communication among these components is achieved through novel application programming interfaces (APIs) to facilitate integration with an underlying software component architecture. Such a highly-modular cooperating layered-arrangement between the network component system and the component architecture allows any existing component to be replaced, and allows new components to be added, without affecting operation of the network component system.

13 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



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L19: Entry 3 of 4

File: USPT

Apr 3, 2001

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6212575 B1

TITLE: Extensible, replaceable network component system

Detailed Description Text (45):

FIG. 7 illustrates a simplified class hierarchy diagram 700 of the base class CyberItem 702 used to construct the network component object 602. In general, CyberItem is an abstraction that may represent resources available at any location accessible from the client 200. However, in accordance with the illustrative embodiment, a CyberItem is preferably a small, self-contained object that represents a resource, such as a service, available on the Internet and subclasses of the CyberItem base class are used to construct various network component objects configured to provide such services for the novel network-oriented component system.

Current US Original Classification (1): 719/328